Employer's Annual Federal Unemployment (FUTA) Tax Return

► For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page 2.

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		Name	(as distinguished from	trade name)				Cal	endar yea	ır F		
		maine	cas distribuistied from	adde name)				Udit	nuai yee	Ľ	F D	
If incorrect,		Trade name if any									D	_
	e any	Trade name, if any									<u>г</u>	
necessary 🖡 change.		Address and ZIP code					Employ	er identificatio	n numbe	er T		
		I										
								-				
A Di	id you pay all requi	red con	tributions to state L	inemployment fund	s by the due dat	te of Form	940? (See inst	uctions if no	ne reau	ired.)	Yes	No
			ox, enter the amoun									
	-		tributions to only on								Yes	No
		-	: (1) Enter the name									
(2) Enter your state	reportir	ng number(s) as sho	own on state unemp	loyment tax retu	urn. 🕨						
C If	any part of wages	taxable	for FUTA tax is exer	mpt from state uner	nployment tax,	check the	box. (See the S	pecific Instru	uctions	on page 2.).		
Part	Computa	tion o	of Taxable Wag	es and Credit R	eduction (to	o be con	npleted by a	ll taxpaye	ers)	-		
1 To	otal payments (incl	uding e	exempt payments) d	uring the calendar y	ear for services	of employ	ees		1			
2 E>	kempt payments.	(Expla	in each exemptio	n shown, attachin	g additional s	heets if	A	mount paid				
					-							
							2					
3 Pa	ayments for servic	es of m	ore than \$7,000. I	Enter only the exce	ss over the first	\$7,000						
pa th	aid to individual er	nployee ation.	es not including exe	empt amounts show	n on line 2. Do	not use	3					
	0		d lines 2 and 3)						4			
<u>5 To</u>	otal taxable wage	s (subtr	act line 4 from line	1). (If any part is e	empt from stat	e contribu	tions, see instru	uctions.) 🕨	5			
Part	II Tax Due	or Ref	fund (Complete if	you checked the "	res" boxes in b	oth quest	ions A and B ar	id did not ch	eck the	box in C abov	e.)	
1 Te	otal FUTA tax. Mu	ltiply th	ne wages in Part I, lii	ne 5, by .008 and er	nter here .				1			
2 M	inus: Total FUTA t	ax depo	sited for the year, i	ncluding any overpa	yment applied t	from a prie	or year (from yo	ur records)	2			
			2 from line 1). This						3			
			e 1 from line 2). Che						4			
Part	III Tax Due	or Ref	und (Complete if	you checked the "I	No" box in eith	er questic	n A or B or you	checked th	e box in	C above. Also	complete P	'art V.)
1 G	ross FUTA tax. Mu	ltiply th	e wages in Part I, Iir	ne 5, by .062					1			
2 M	aximum credit. Mi	ultiply t	he wages in Part I, li	ine 5, by .054 .			2					
			smaller of the amo				3					<i>\)</i> ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
4 Te	otal FUTA tax (sub	otract li	ne 3 from line 1).						4			
5 M	linus: Total FUTA t	ax depo	sited for the year, in	ncluding any overpa	yment applied f	from a prie	or year (from yo	ur records)	5			
			5 from line 4). This						6			
			e 4 from line 5). Che						7			
Part	V Record o	f Qua	rterly Federal T	ax Liability for	Unemployn	nent Tax	(Do not inc	lude state	e liabi			
	Quarter		First	Second	1	Third		Fourth		Tota	al for Year	
	ty for quarter		· · · · · · ·									
Part			of Tentative C	realt (Complete if yo	u checked the "No	1				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
of	State reporting num as shown on employ	yer's /	Taxable payroll as defined in state act) State experien		State ex- perience	Contributions if rate had been 5.4	% payable at e	perience		.7) actually	paid to
state	state contribution re	turns		·		rate	(col. 3 x .054)	rate (col. 3	x col. 5)	lf0orless, enter		
_1	2		3	From—	To	5	6	7		8	9	,
						+						
10 To	ntals											
		t (add li	ine 10, columns 8 a	nd Q soc instructi	one for limitatio	//////////////////////////////////////				4	l	<u> </u>
			s in the future, write				ust File") and sid	n the return				
		declare	that I have examined	this return, including a	ccompanying sch	edules and	statements, and I	o the best of	ny know	ledge and belief,	it is true, corr	rect, and
	to and that no nort a	+ 000 000	umant mada ta a ctata	unamployment find a	armod as a credit	was or is to	he deducted from	the naumente	to omale	20000		

OMB No. 1545-0028

1988

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.—We ask for this information to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. We need it to ensure that taxpayers are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax. You are required to give us this information.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is:

Recordkeeping			14 hours, 7 minutes
Learning about the			

the form to IRS.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form more simple, we would be happy to hear from you. You can write to the **Internal Revenue Service**, Washington, DC 20224, Attention: IRS Reports Clearance Officer, TR:FP; or the Office of **Management and Budget**, Paperwork Reduction Project, Washington, DC 20503.

Changes You Should Note

Extension of the Federal Unemployment (FUTA) Tax Rate.—The gross FUTA tax rate will remain at 6.2% through 1990. Since the credit against the FUTA tax for payments to state unemployment funds stays at a maximum of 5.4%, the net FUTA tax rate for 1988 remains at 0.8% (.008). Therefore, you should have used the .008 rate to figure your deposits for 1988.

Credit Reduction States.—For 1988, there are no credit reduction states. The lines relating to credit reduction amounts have been removed from this form.

General Instructions

Purpose of Form.—Use this form for your annual FUTA tax report. Only the employer pays this tax.

Who Must File

Household Employers.—You do not have to file this form unless you paid cash wages of \$1,000 or more in any calendar quarter in 1987 or 1988 for household work in a private home, local college club, or a local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority. **Note:** See **Pub 926,** Employment Taxes for Household Employers, for more information.

In General.—You must file this form if you were other than a household or agricultural employer during 1987 or 1988, and you: (a) paid wages of \$1,500 or more in any calendar quarter, or (b) had one or more employees for some part of a day in any 20 different weeks. Count all regular, temporary, and part-time employees. A partnership should not count its partners. If there is a change in ownership or other transfer of business during the year, each employer who meets test (a) or (b) above must file. Neither should report wages paid by the other. Organizations described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code do not have to file.

Agricultural Employers.—You must file Form 940 if either of the following applies to you:

(1) You paid cash wages of \$20,000 or more to farmworkers during any calendar quarter in 1987 or 1988.

(2) You employed 10 or more farmworkers during some part of a day (whether or not at the same time) for at least one day during any 20 different weeks in 1987 or 1988. Count aliens admitted to the United States on a temporary basis to perform farmwork to determine if you meet either of the above tests. However, wages paid to these aliens are not subject to FUTA tax before 1993.

Completing Form 940

Employers Who Are Not Required To Deposit FUTA Tax.—If your total FUTA tax for 1988 is not more than \$100, you do not have to deposit the tax. Make your FUTA tax payment when you file Form 940. If you do not have to deposit FUTA tax and you :

- (a) made all required payments to state unemployment funds by the due date of Form 940,
- (b) are required to make payments to the unemployment fund of only one state, and
- (c) paid wages subject to Federal unemployment tax that are also subject to state unemployment tax,

complete Parts I and II. Otherwise, complete Parts I, III, and V.

Employers Who Are Required To Deposit FUTA

Tax.—If you meet tests (a), (b), and (c) above, complete Parts I, II, and IV. Otherwise, complete Parts I, III, IV, and V.

If You Are Not Liable for FUTA Tax.—If you receive Form 940 and are not liable for FUTA tax for 1988, write "Not Liable" across the front and return it to IRS. If you will not have to file returns after this, write "Final" on the line above the signature line and sign the return.

Due Date.—Form 940 for 1988 is due by January 31, 1989. However, if you made timely deposits in full payment of the tax due, your due date is February 10, 1989.

Where To File.—

If your principal business, office or agency is located in:	File with the Internal Revenue Service Center at:					
Florida, Georgia, South Carolina	Atlanta, GA 39901					
New Jersey, New York (New York City and counties of Nassau, Rockland, Suffolk, and Westchester)	Holtsville, NY 00501					
New York (all other counties), Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	Andover, MA 05501					
Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, Wisconsin	Kansas City, MO 64999					
Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Virginia, Virgin Islands	Philadelphia, PA 19255					
Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, West Virginia	Cincinnati, OH 45999					
Kansas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas	Austin, TX 73301					
Alaska, Arizona, California (counties of Alpine. Amador, Butte, Calaveras, Colusa, Contra Costa. Del Norte, El Dorado, Glenn, Humboldt, Lake, Lassen, Marin, Mendocino, Modoc, Napa, Nevada, Placer, Plumas, Sacramento, San Joaquin, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Solano. Sonoma, Sutter, Tehama, Trinity, Yolo, and Yuba), Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wyoming	Ogden, UT 84201					
California (all other counties), Hawaii	Fresno, CA 93888					
Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Tennessee	Memphis, TN 37501					

If you have no legal residence or principal place of business in any IRS district, file with the Internal Revenue Service Center, Philadelphia, PA 19255.

Employer's Name, Address, and Identification Number.—Use the preaddressed Form 940 mailed to you. If you must use a nonpreaddressed form, type or print your name, trade name, address, and employer identification number on it.

See **Publication 583**, Information for Business Taxpayers, for details on how to make tax deposits, file a return, etc., if these are due before you receive your number.

Identifying Your Payments.—On balance due payments made to IRS (Part II, line 3 and Part III, line 6) and Federal tax deposit payments, write your employer identification number, "Form 940," and the tax period to which the payment applies on your check or money order. This will help ensure proper crediting of your account.

Penalties and Interest.—Avoid penalties and interest by making tax deposits when due, filing a correct return and paying the proper amount of tax when due. The law provides penalties for late deposits and late filing unless you show reasonable cause for the delay. If you file late, attach an explanation to the return. The law also provides a penalty of 25% of the overstatement if, without reasonable cause, you overstate the amount you deposited.

There are also penalties for willful failure to pay tax, keep records, make returns, and for filing false or fraudulent returns.

Credit for Contributions Paid Into State

Funds.—You can claim credit for amounts you pay into a certified state (including Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands) unemployment fund by the due date of Form 940.

Note: Be sure to enter your state reporting number where required on Form 940. This number is needed for IRS to verify your state contributions.

"Contributions" are payments that state law requires you to make to an unemployment fund because you are an employer. These payments are "contributions" only to the extent that they are not deducted or deductible from the employees' pay.

Do not take credit for penalties, interest, surcharges, and special taxes which are in addition to the rate assigned by the state. Also do not take credit for voluntary contributions paid to obtain a lower assigned rate.

If you have been assigned an experience rate lower than 5.4% (.054) by a state for the whole or part of the year, you are entitled to an additional credit. This credit is equal to the difference between actual payments and the amount you would have been required to pay at 5.4%.

The total credit allowable may not be more than 5.4% of taxable FUTA wages.

Special Credit for Successor Employers.—If you are claiming special credit as a successor employer, see Code section 3302(e) or Circular E, for the conditions you must meet.

Amended Returns.—If you are amending a previously filed return, complete a new Form 940, using the amounts that should have been used on the original return, and sign the return. Attach a statement explaining why you are filing an amended return. Be sure to use a Form 940 for the year you are amending. Write "AMENDED RETURN" at the top of the form and file it with the Internal Revenue Service Center where you filed the original return.

Specific Instructions

You must answer questions A and B (check the box in C only if it applies), complete Part I, and sign the return.

Note: If you have been assigned a zero percent experience rate by your state, so that there are no required contributions to the state unemployment fund, check the "Yes" box in question A and write "0% rate" on the dollar amount line.

Use Part II only if you checked the "Yes" boxes in questions A and B and did not check the box in C. Otherwise, skip Part II and complete Parts III and V.

Complete Part IV if your total tax for the year is more than \$100.

Box C.—Check this box **ONLY** if you pay any wages that are taxable for FUTA tax but are exempt from your state's unemployment tax.

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Employ	yer's <i>i</i>	Annual	Fede	eral
Unemploy	ment	(FUTA)	Тах	Return

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page 2.

								EMI	Pl	OYE	ER'S	
							Employer	r identificati	on numbe	r C(OPY	
A	Did you pay all required c	contributions to state ur	employment funds	s by the due dat	e of Form	940	? (See instru	ctions if n	one requ	ired.)	Yes 🗌 No	
	If you checked the ''Yes''	' box, enter the amount	of contributions pa	aid to state uner	nploymer	nt fur	ıds				<u></u> -	
В	Are you required to pay c	-				•				[🛛 Yes 🗔 No	
	If you checked the "Yes" box: (1) Enter the name of the state where you are required to pay contributions											
c	(2) Enter your state reporting number(s) as shown on state unemployment tax return. If any part of wages taxable for FUTA tax is exempt from state unemployment tax, check the box. (See the Specific Instructions on page 2.).											
		of Taxable Wage								n page 2.).	•••□	
1	Total payments (including			•					1		1	
•	Exempt payments. (Exp							ount paid				
2	necessary.)►			-								
	necessary.)					2						
	Payments for services of paid to individual employ the state wage limitation.	ees not including exen	pt amounts show	n on line 2. Do	not use	3						
-	Total exempt payments (a								4			
	Total taxable wages (sub					tions	, see instruc	tions.) 🕨	5			
Ра	rt II Tax Due or R	efund (Complete if y	ou checked the "Y	'es'' boxes in bo	oth quest	ions	A and B and	did not cl	eck the	box in C above.)		
1	Total FUTA tax. Multiply	the wages in Part I, line	e 5, by .008 and en	terhere					1			
2	Minus: Total FUTA tax de	posited for the year, inc	luding any overpa	yment applied fi	rom a prio	or yea	r (from your	records)	2			
3	Balance due (subtract lir	ne 2 from line 1). This s	nould be \$100 or le	ess. Pay to IRS		•		►	3			
4	Overpayment (subtract								4			
Pa	Tax Due or R	efund (Complete if y	ou checked the "N	lo" box in eithe	er questio	on A c	or B or you c	hecked th	e box in	C above. Also co	mplete Part V.)	
1	Gross FUTA tax. Multiply	the wages in Part I, line	5, by .062						1			
2	Maximum credit. Multiply	y the wages in Part I, lin	e 5, by .054			2			+			
3	Credit allowable: Enter t	he smaller of the amou	nt in Part V, line 11	L, or Part III, line	2	3			4			
	Total FUTA tax (subtract	•										
	Minus: Total FUTA tax de					-			5 6			
	Balance due (subtract lir Overpayment (subtract l								7			
		arterly Federal Ta								lity)		
	Quarter	First	Second		hird			Fourth		Total fo	r Year	
Liab	ility for quarter											
Pa	rt V Computatio	on of Tentative Cre	edit (Complete if you	u checked the "No	" box in eil	ther q	uestion A or B	or you checl	ed the bo	x in C, on page 1—se	e instructions.)	
Nam of stat	e State reporting number(s) as shown on employer's	Taxable payroll	State experience	ce rate period	State ex- perience rate	Cor rate h	ntributions if ad been 5.4% ol. 3 x .054)	Contrib	utions xperience	Additional credit	Contributions actually paid to the state	
1	2	3	From—	To—	5		6	7		8	9	
	<u></u>											
	Totals 🕨											
	Total tentative credit (add						<u></u>		. 🕨			
	u will not have to file retu r penalties of perjury, I decla									edge and belief it is	true correct and	
comp	lete, and that no part of any	payment made to a state u	nemployment fund cl	aimed as a credit v	was or is to	be de	ducted from t	he payment	s to emplo	byees.	and, contect, and	

Signature 🕨

Q

Department of the Treasury

Internal Revenue Service

Form

Title (Owner, etc.) 🕨

Date 🕨

Note: You must keep this copy and a copy of each related schedule or statement for 4 years after the date the tax is due or paid, whichever is later. These copies must be available for inspection by the IRS. See Circular E and **Publication 539**, Employment Taxes, for more information. Household employers should see Publication 926.

Part I.—Computation of Taxable Wages and Credit Reduction

Line 1—Total payments.—Enter the total payments you made to employees during the calendar year, even if they are not taxable. Include salaries, wages, commissions, fees, bonuses, vacation allowances, amounts paid to temporary or part-time employees, and the value of goods, lodging, food, clothing, and noncash fringe benefits. Also include the amount of tips reported to you in writing by your employees. Enter the amount before any deductions.

How the payments are made is not important in determining if they are wages. Thus, you may pay wages for piecework or as a percentage of profits, and you may pay wages hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, or yearly. You may pay wages in cash or some other way, such as goods, lodging, food, or clothing. For items other than cash, use the fair market value at the time of payment.

Line 2—Exempt payments.—"Wages" and "employment" as defined for FUTA purposes do not include every payment and every kind of service an employee may perform. In general, payments excluded from wages and payments for services excepted from employment are not subject to tax. You may deduct these payments from total payments only if you explain them on line 2.

Enter items like the following:

(1) Agricultural labor, if you didn't meet either of the tests in *Agricultural Employers* on page 2.

(2) Benefit payments for sickness or injury under a worker's compensation law.

(3) Household service if you did not pay cash wages of \$1,000 or more in any calendar quarter in 1987 and 1988.

(4) Certain family employment.

(5) Certain fishing activities.

(6) Noncash payments for farmwork or household services in a private home that are included on line 1. Only cash wages to these workers are taxable.

(7) Value of certain meals and lodging.

(8) Any other exempt service or pay.

For more information, see Circular E.

Line 3.—Enter the total amounts of more than \$7,000 you paid each employee. For example, if you have 10 employees to whom you paid \$8,000 each during the year, enter \$80,000 on line 1 and \$10,000 on line 3. The \$7,000 wage limitation is for FUTA purposes only. Do not use the state wage limitation for this entry.

Line 5—Total taxable wages.—If any part of these wages is exempt from state unemployment taxes, you must fill out Parts III and V. For example, if you pay wages to corporate officers in a state that exempts these wages from its unemployment taxes (these wages are taxable for FUTA tax), you would check the box in C on page 1 and complete Parts III and V.

Part II.—Tax Due or Refund

Use this part only if you checked "Yes" for both questions A and B on page 1, and did not check the box in C. The tax rate of .008 gives you credit for your payments to your state's unemployment fund.

Part III. ---- Tax Due or Refund

Use this part if you do not qualify for Part II.

Line 3.—Enter the smaller of Part V, line11, or Part III, line 2. This is the credit allowable for your payments to state unemployment funds.

Part IV.—Record of Federal Tax Liability

Complete this part if your total tax (Part II, line 1 or Part III, line 4) is over \$100. To figure your FUTA tax liability for each of the first 3 quarters of 1988, multiply by .008 that part of the first \$7,000 of each employee's annual wages you paid during the quarter. Enter this amount under that quarter.

Your liability for the 4th quarter is the total tax (Part II, line 1 or Part III, line 4) minus your liability for the first 3 quarters of the year. The total liability must equal your total tax. Otherwise, you may be charged a failure to deposit penalty figured on your average liability.

Depositing FUTA Tax.— If your liability for any of the first 3 quarters of 1988 (plus any undeposited amount of \$100 or less from any earlier quarter) is over \$100, deposit it by the last day of the first month following the close of the quarter. If it is \$100 or less, carry it to the next quarter; a deposit is not required. If your liability for the 4th quarter (plus any undeposited amount from any earlier quarter) is over \$100, deposit the entire amount by January 31, 1989. If it is \$100 or less, you can either make a deposit or pay it with your Form 940 by January 31, 1989.

Note: The total amount of all deposits must be shown in Part II, line 2 or Part III, line 5.

If you deposited the correct amounts, following these rules, the balance due with Form 940 will never be more than \$100.

Deposit FUTA tax in an authorized financial institution or the Federal Reserve bank for your area. To avoid a possible penalty, do not mail deposits directly to IRS. Records of your deposits will be sent to IRS for crediting to your business accounts. See *Identifying Your Payments* on page 2.

You must use a **Form 8109**, Federal Tax Deposit Coupon, when making each tax deposit. IRS will send you a book of deposit coupons when you apply for an employer identification number. Follow the instructions in the coupon book. If you don't have coupons, see Circular E.

Taxpayers who willfully claim credit for deposits not made are subject to fines and other criminal penalties.

Part V.—Computation of Tentative Credit

Complete this schedule if you checked the "No" box in either question A or B on page 1, or if you checked the box in C on page 1. If you have been assigned an experience rate by your state of 0% or more, but less than 5.4% for all or part of the year, use columns 1 through 9. If you have not been assigned any experience rate by your state, use columns 1, 2, 3, and 9 only. If you have been assigned a rate of 5.4% or higher, use columns 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 9 only. If you were assigned an experience rate for only part of the year or the rate was changed during the year, complete a separate line for each rate period.

Column 1.—Enter the name of the state(s) (including Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands) that you were required to pay contributions to.

Column 2.—Enter the state reporting number that was assigned to you when you registered as an employer with each state.

Column 3.—Enter the taxable payroll on which you must pay taxes to the unemployment fund of each state in column 1. If your experience rate is zero, enter the amount of wages that you would have had to pay on if the rate had not been granted.

Columns 4 and 5.—Your "state experience rate" is the rate at which the state taxes your payroll for state unemployment purposes. This rate may be adjusted from time to time based on your "experience" with the state fund, that is, unemployment compensation paid to your former employees and other factors. If you do not know your rate, contact your state unemployment insurance service.

Column 8.—Subtract column 7 from column 6. If zero or less, enter "0."

Column 9.—Enter contributions actually paid into the state fund by the due date of Form 940. Do not include any special assessments, surtaxes, surcharges, etc., used by the state to pay interest on unrepaid advances from the Federal Government.

Line 11.—Add line 10, columns 8 and 9. The allowable credit for state contributions you make after the due date for filing Form 940 may not be more than 90% of the credit that would have been allowed if you had paid the state contributions by the due date. For example, if \$1,500 of state contributions was paid on time, and \$1,000 was paid after the due date for filing Form 940, the total tentative credit on line 11 (assuming no additional credit (column 8)) would be \$2,400 (\$1,500 + \$900 (90% of \$1,000)).

Note: If you are receiving additional credit (column 8) because your state experience rate is less than 5.4%, the additional credit is not subject to the 90% limitation.