r nst nan	e and initial (If joint return, use first names and middle initials of both) Last name	Your social security number
		1 1
Present I	ome address (Number and street or rural route)	Your occupation
City, tow	or post office, State and ZIP code	Spouse's social security number
Enter	elow name and address used on your return for 1968 (if same as above write "Same"). If none filed, give	Spouse's occupation
	If changing from separate to joint or joint to separate returns, enter 1968 names and addresses.	· · · · ·
	ad address of employer at time of filing 1 Single 4 Unmarried Head of the second s	of Household
Your Filing Status (Check only or	 2 Married filing joint return (even if only one had income) 3 Married filing separate return and spouse is also filing a return. If this item checked give spouse's social security number in space provided 5 Surviving widow(etally in the spouse is also filing a return. 	er) with dependent chil arate return and spous
	Check boxes for exemptions which apply Regular 65 or over 7a Yourself . . . 7b Spouse (applies only if line 2 or line 6 is checked) . . .	Blind Enter number of boxes
Exemptions	8 First names of your dependent children who lived with you	└──) checked ▶
(em	(c) NAME Enter figure 1 in the last	Enter number (f) Support furnished
	9 OTHER column to right for each name listed DEPENDENTS (if more space is needed, use other side) Relationship instructions, B-2.	% by dependent and others
Your	\$	\$ •
	10 Table supplies from lines 7.0 and 0 should	▶
	10 Total exemptions from lines 7, 8, and 9 above	<u>····</u> · · · ▶
Income		11 2c
Your Income	13 Interest (Enter total here and if over \$100, also list in Schedule B, Part II)	.3
Yo		4
	15a Total [Add lines 11,] [2c, 13 & 14] \$, 15b Less Adjustments See [1040-1] \$, Income ► ● If line 15c is \$5,000 or more, go to Schedule T, to figure tax and surcharge. (Omit lines 16 and 17.)	l5c
Your Tax and Surcharge	 If the 15c is \$5,000 or more, go to Schedule 1, to figure tax and surcharge. (Only thes 16 and 17.) Go to Sch. T to figure tax and surcharge if you itemize deductions; or claim retirement income credit, fiment credit; or if you owe self-employment tax or tax from recomputing prior year investment credit. (0 If neither of above two items applies, go to Tax Tables instead of Sch. T. Complete lines 16, 17, & 18. 	oreign tax credit, or inves Omit lines 16 and 17.) // See 1040–1 for rules under //
Ta	16 Tax from Tax Table (see tables on T–2 and T–3)	which the IRS will figure your tax and surcharge.
Sul		1
7		.8
its	19 Total Federal licome tax withheid (attach Forms w-2 to back)	Make check or
Credits	20 Excess F.I.C.A. tax withheld (two or more employers—see R-2) 20	money order pay- able to Internal
	21 □ Nonhighway Federal gasoline tax, Form 4136; □ Reg. Inv., Form 2439 21 22 1969 Estimated tax navments (include 1968 overnavment allowed as a credit) 22	Revenue Service.
Your		23
Balance Due or Refund	24 If line 18 is larger than line 23, enter BALANCE DUE. Pay in full with return	24
r Re	25 If line 23 is larger than line 18, enter OVERPAYMENT	25
<u>o</u> Ba	26 Line 25 to be: (a) Credited on 1970 estimated tax ► \$; (b) Refunded ► \$	
	Inder penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, including accompanying schedules and statements, and to the b s true, correct, and complete.	est of my knowledge and belief

Spouse's signature (If filing jointly, BOTH must sign even if only one had income)

We've combined Forms 1040 and 1040A:

There are nearly 75 million people who file income tax returns. They have different kinds of income, different kinds of deductions, credits, and exclusions. No one form can possibly suit all of them. That's why we have developed a new return system that takes the place of both the old Form 1040 and the old Form 1040A. It is a building-block system. You start with a basic one-page form (still called Form 1040). Nearly half of the taxpayers will need no other forms. The other half will add special schedules or forms only as they need them.

How to Prepare Your Return

- Fill out the new Form 1040—whether or not you need to attach any schedules. Usually you can file a complete return on the one-page form, if:
 - —All your income was from wages, dividends (not more than \$100), and interest (not more than \$100),

AND you have no adjustments for:

- -Sick pay
- ---Moving expenses
- -Employee business expenses
- —Payments as a self-employed person to a retirement plan, AND
- -You do not itemize deductions.

• Add the following schedule(s) as required—

1. Schedule A if you:

-Itemize deductions.

2. Schedule B if you:

- ---Have gross dividends and other distributions on stock in excess of \$100.
- ----Have interest income in excess of \$100.

3. Schedule C if you:

—Have income (or loss) from a business (other than a farm) to include in line 14.

4. Schedule D if you:

-Have gains (or loss) from sales or exchanges of property to include in line 14.

5. Schedule E if you have income from:

(To include in line 14.)

- -Pensions or annuities
- ---Rents or royalties,
- Partnerships, estates or trusts, small business corporations, or miscellaneous sources.
- 6. Schedule F if you:

-Have farm income (or loss) to include in line 14.

7. Schedule G if you:

---Claim the benefits of income averaging.

8. Schedule R if you:

----Claim a retirement income credit.

9. Schedule SE if you: —Report net earnings from self-employment.

10. Schedule T if you:

- -Are subject to self-employment tax,
- -Are subject to tax from recomputing prior year investment credit,
- —Claim a retirement income credit
- -Claim investment credit
- ----Claim foreign tax credit.

Income adjustments—

Line 15b.—Your income can be reduced by the following adjustments:

- Sick pay (attach Form 2440)
- Moving Expenses (attach Form 3903)
- Employee business expenses (attach Form 2106)
- Payments to self-employment retirement plans (attach Form 2950SE).

Rules for IRS computation of tax—

If line 15a is under \$5,000 and consisted only of wages subject to withholding and not more than \$200 of dividends, interest, and nonwithheld wages, and you are not claiming any adjustments on line 15b, you can have IRS figure your tax by omitting lines 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, and 26 (but complete line 19). If you are filing a joint return, show husband's income and wife's income separately in the space to the right of line 15c. Identify husband's income by marking (H) and wife's income by marking (W).

Note: If the IRS figures your tax and surcharge, the law does not permit the IRS to allow you the benefits of: (1) the retirement income credit, (2) head of household or surviving spouse status, and (3) minimum standard deduction, if you are married and filing a separate return. If you are entitled to any of these benefits, it is to your advantage to figure your own tax and surcharge.

Addresses of Internal Revenue Offices

Internal Revenue Service Center 4800 Buford Highway Chamblee, Georgia 30006
Internal Revenue Service Center 11601 Roosevelt Boulevard Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19155
Internal Revenue Service Center Cincinnati, Ohio 45298
Internal Revenue Service Center 3651 S. Interregional Highway Austin, Texas 78740
Internal Revenue Service Center 1160 West 1200 South St. Ogden, Utah 84405
Internal Revenue Service Center 2306 E. Bannister Road Kansas City, Missouri 64170
Internal Revenue Service Center 310 Lowell Street Andover, Massachusetts 01812
Director of International Operations Internal Revenue Service Washington, D.C. 20225
Director of International Operations U.S. Internal Revenue Service Ponce de Leon Ave. and Bolivia St. Hato Rey, Puerto Rico 00917
Department of Finance, Tax Division Charlotte Amalie St. Thomas, Virgin Islands 00801

If you claim more than two dependents on line 9, show the required information below. You may also use this space to explain a missing Form W–2.